Serial No. 10/575,676 Art Unit 2624

Docket No. PU030282 Customer No. 24498

## LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application

Cancel claims 1.

Cancel claim 2

Cancel Claim 3.

4. (Withdrawn) A method for creating a block of M x N pixels with film grain, where N and M are integers greater than zero, comprising the steps of:

receiving film grain information that includes at least one parameter that specifies an attribute of the film grain to appear in the block;

creating a block of M x N random values selected from a previously established list of Gaussian random numbers;

computing an Discrete Cosine Transform of the M x N block of random numbers;

filtering the  $M \times N$  coefficients resulting from the Discrete Cosine Transform by at least one parameter in the received film grain information;

computing an Inverse Discrete Cosine Transform of the filtered set of coefficients;

scaling all the pixel values in the block as indicated by one parameter in the received film grain information; and

storing the created block of film grain into a pool of film grain blocks.

- 5. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 4 further comprising the step of performing an integer approximation of a Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT) and the Inverse Discrete Cosine Transform (IDCT) to reduce complexity.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 4 further comprising the step of scaling top and bottom edges of the created film grain block to hide block edges.
- 7. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 4 wherein the step of receiving the film grain information further comprises the step of decoding a

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Supplemental Enhancement Information message containing the at least one parameter.

Cancel claim 8

Cancel claim 9.

Cancel claim 10.

11. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for creating a block of M x N pixels with film grain, where N and M are integers greater than zero, comprising:

means for receiving film grain information that includes at least one parameter that specifies an attribute of the film grain to appear in the block;

means for creating a block of M x N random values selected from a previously established list of Gaussian random numbers;

means for computing an Discrete Cosine Transform of the M x N block of random numbers;

means for filtering the M x N coefficients resulting from the Discrete Cosine Transform by at least one parameter in the received film grain information;

means for computing an Inverse Discrete Cosine Transform of the filtered set of coefficients:

means for scaling all the pixel values in the block as indicated by one parameter in the received film grain information; and

means for storing the created block of film grain into a pool of film grain blocks.

- 12. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 11 further comprising means for performing an integer approximation of a Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT) and the Inverse Discrete Cosine Transform (IDCT) to reduce complexity.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 11 further comprising the means for scaling top and bottom edges of the created film grain block to hide block edges.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The apparatus according to claim 11 wherein means for receiving the film grain information further comprises means for decoding a Supplemental Enhancement Information message containing the at least one parameter.

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## Add claims 15-21

15. A method for simulating bit accurate film grain in an image block, comprising the steps of:

computing the average of the pixel values within the image block; randomly selecting, as a function of the average value of the image block, a block of bit accurate film grain from among a pool of previously established blocks of bit accurate film grain.

- 16. The method according to claim 15 further including the step of blending each pixel in the selected film grain block with a corresponding pixel in the image block.
- 17. The method according to claim 15 wherein the step of randomly selecting a film grain block further includes the step of accessing a look up table containing random numbers to obtain a random number.
- 18. The method according to claim 16 further comprising the step of populating the look-up table in advance of film grain simulation with random numbers generated by a random number generator.
- 19. Apparatus for simulating bit accurate film grain in an image block, comprising:

means for computing the average of the pixel values within the block;
means for randomly selecting, as a function of the average value of the image
block, a block of bit accurate film grain from among a pool of previously established
blocks of bit accurate film grain; and

means for blending each pixel in the selected block of bit accurate film grain with a corresponding pixel in the image block.

- 20. The apparatus according to claim 19 wherein the means for randomly selecting a film grain block further comprises a look up table containing random numbers.
- 21. The apparatus according to claim 19 where the look-up table is populated in advance of film grain simulation with random numbers generated by a random number generator.